# AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE. AND LISTING OF ALL CLAIMS WITH PROPER IDENTIFIERS

 (currently amended) A Process process for the production of dihydroquinoline compounds of the general formula la or of tetrahydroquinoline compounds of the general formula lb

$$\begin{matrix} R_{5} & CH_{2}SO_{2}X \\ R_{6} & R_{4} \\ R_{7} & R_{8} & R_{1} \end{matrix}$$
 Ia

$$\begin{matrix} R_{6} & H & CH_{2}SO_{2}X \\ R_{4} & R_{4} & H \\ R_{7} & R_{1} & R_{2} \end{matrix}$$

in which  $R_1$  denotes hydrogen or a hydrocarbon group with 1-20 C atoms where the hydrocarbon group can optionally contain one or more heteroatoms or/and one or more substituents.

 $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$  and  $R_8$  on each occurrence and independently of one another denote hydrogen, halogen, a hydroxy, amino, sulfo, carboxy or aldehyde group or a hydrocarbon group with 1-20 C atoms where the hydrocarbon group can optionally contain one or more heteroatoms or/and one or more substituents, or the residues  $R_1$  and  $R_8$  together form a ring system and

X denotes OH, halogen, -O-R $_9$ , -S-R $_{10}$  or -NR $_{11}$ R $_{12}$  where R $_9$ , R $_{10}$ , R $_{11}$  and R $_{12}$  independently of one another denote hydrogen or a C1 to C20

hydrocarbon residue which can optionally contain one or more heteroatoms or/and one or more substituents,

## characterized in that wherein

the corresponding compounds I'a

$$\begin{matrix} R_5 & CH_3 \\ R_6 & R_4 \end{matrix} \qquad \qquad \Gamma a$$
 
$$\begin{matrix} R_8 & R_1 \end{matrix}$$

are sulfonated to form Ia (X = OH) and optionally converted by hydrogenation into Ib (X = OH).

- (Currently amended) <u>The Precess process</u> as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that <u>wherein</u>
   the sulfonation is carried out by means of concentrated sulfuric acid.
- (Currently amended) The Precess process as claimed in claim 1 er-2, eharacterized-in that wherein
  the sulfonic acid group formed in the sulfonation is derivatized.
- (Currently amended) <u>The Process process</u> as claimed in claim 3, characterized in that <u>wherein</u>
   the sulfonic acid group is converted into a sulfochloride.
- (Currently amended) <u>The Precess process</u> as claimed in claim 3 er-4; characterized in that <u>wherein</u> the sulfochloride group is reacted with a primary or secondary amine to form a sulfonamide.

 (Currently amended) A Dihydroquinoline dihydroquinoline compound of the general formula la or a tetrahydroquinoline compound of the general formula lb

$$\begin{matrix} R_{5} & CH_{2}SO_{2}X \\ R_{6} & R_{4} \\ R_{7} & R_{8} \\ R_{8} & R_{1} \end{matrix}$$
 Ia

$$\begin{matrix} R_{5} & H & CH_{2}SO_{2} \\ R_{6} & & R_{4} \\ R_{7} & & R_{8} \\ R_{1} & & R_{2} \end{matrix}$$

in which R<sub>1</sub> denotes hydrogen or a hydrocarbon group with 1-20 C atoms where the hydrocarbon group can optionally contain one or more heteroatoms or/and one or more substituents

Ιb

 $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$  and  $R_8$  on each occurrence and independently of one another denote hydrogen, halogen, a hydroxy, amino, sulfo, carboxy or aldehyde group or a hydrocarbon group with 1-20 C atoms where the hydrocarbon group can optionally contain one or more heteroatoms or/and one or more substituents, or the residues  $R_1$  and  $R_8$  together form a ring system and

X denotes OH, halogen, -O-R<sub>9</sub>, -S-R<sub>10</sub> or -NR<sub>11</sub>R<sub>12</sub> where R<sub>9</sub>, R<sub>10</sub>, R<sub>11</sub> and R<sub>12</sub> each independently of one another denote hydrogen or a C1 to C20 hydrocarbon residue which can optionally contain one or more heteroatoms

or/and one or more substituents, in particular -SO<sub>3</sub>H<sub>1</sub> -PO<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub> and -COOH.

- (Currently amended) The Compound compound as claimed in claim 6, wherein R<sub>1</sub> represents an aryl or alkyl residue and in particular a C5 to C15 aryl or a C1 to C20 alkyl residue, R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> are methyl and R<sub>4</sub> denotes hydrogen.
- (Currently amended) <u>The Compound compound</u> as claimed in claim 6 or 7, eharacterized in that <u>wherein</u>
   R<sub>7</sub> represents a hydroxy or methoxy residue.
- 9. (Currently amended) The Process compound as claimed in claim 6 one of the claims 6 to 8, characterized in that wherein

  Represents a nitroso group.
- (Currently amended) <u>The Process compound</u> as claimed in <u>claim 6</u> one of the claims 6 to 7, characterized in that <u>wherein</u>
   R<sub>6</sub> represents a formyl or a hydroxymethyl group.
- (Currently amended) <u>The Gempound compound</u> as claimed in <u>claim 6</u> one of the claims 6 to 10, characterized in that <u>wherein</u>
   X denotes halogen and in particular CI.
- (Currently amended) <u>The Compound compound</u> as claimed in <u>claim 6</u> ene of the claims 6 to 11, characterized-in that <u>wherein</u>
   X represents the residue –NR<sub>11</sub>R<sub>12</sub> where the residues R<sub>11</sub> and R<sub>12</sub> are

X represents the residue  $-NR_{11}R_{12}$  where the residues  $R_{44}$  and  $R_{42}$  are defined as in claim 6.

## (Currently amended) A Process process for the production of dyes of the general formulae II to VII containing –SO<sub>2</sub>X

$$\begin{matrix} \begin{matrix} CH_2SO_2X \\ R_5 \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} R_{13} & O \\ R_7 \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} R_{13} \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} CR \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} R_1 \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} R_1 \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} R_1 \end{matrix} & \begin{matrix} & \end{matrix}$$

in which  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$  and  $R_8$  are defined as in claims 1 to 12, R on each occurrence can be the same or different and is defined as for  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$  and  $R_8$  and R' on each occurrence and independently of one another denotes hydrogen or a hydrocarbon group with 1-20 C atoms where the hydrocarbon group can optionally contain one or more heteroatoms or/and one or more substituents, or the residues R and R' together form a ring system which can contain one or more double bonds,

 $R_{13}$  on each occurrence and independently of one another denotes hydrogen or a hydrocarbon group with 1-20 C atoms where the hydrocarbon group can optionally contain one or more heteroatoms or/and one or more substituents, where  $R_{13}$  in particular represents hydrogen, aryl, carboxyphenyl, alkyl, perfluoroalkyl, cycloalkyl, pyridyl or carboxypyridyl.

X denotes OH, halogen, -O- $R_9$ , -S- $R_{10}$  or -NR<sub>11</sub>R<sub>12</sub> where  $R_9$ , R<sub>10</sub>, R<sub>11</sub> and R<sub>12</sub> each independently of one another denote hydrogen or a C1 to C20 hydrocarbon residue which can optionally contain one or more heteroatoms or one or more substituents, and

Y in formula III denotes O, S or Se and Y in formula VI denotes O, S or C(R)<sub>2</sub>, sharacterized in that , wherein corresponding compounds of formulae II' to VII'

are sulfonated with the proviso that for compounds of formula III in which Y = O and for compounds of formula IV, X does not denote OH.

## 14. (Currently amended) A method for producing polycyclic dyes comprising

Use of <u>using</u> a compound as claimed in ene of the claims 6 to 12 <u>claim 6</u> or ef a compound that is obtainable <u>obtained</u> by the process as claimed in <u>claim 1</u> one of the claims 1 to 5 to produce polycyclic dyes.

- (Currently amended) <u>The method</u> Use as claimed in claim 14 wherein the te produce polycyclic dyes are of formulae II to VII.
- (Currently amended) <u>A process</u> Process for the production of polycyclic dyes, <u>wherein</u>

### characterized in that

compounds which have a dihydroquinoline end group with a 4-methyl group are sulfonated and optionally hydrogenated to form a tetrahydroquinoline with the proviso that the polycyclic dye is not a compound of formula III in which Y = O and X = OH or of formula IV in which X = OH.

- (Currently amended) <u>The polycyclic</u> <u>Polycyclic</u> dye <u>which is obtainable</u> <u>produced</u> according to the process as claimed in <del>one of the claims 13 to 16</del> <u>claim 13</u>.
- (Currently amended) <u>A polycyclic</u> Polycyclie dye of the general formulae II to VII

#### in which

R' denotes hydrogen or a hydrocarbon group with 1-20 C atoms where the hydrocarbon group can optionally contain one or more heteroatoms or/and one or more substituents,

R on each occurrence and independently of one another denotes hydrogen, halogen, a hydroxy, amino, sulfo, carboxy or aldehyde group or a hydrocarbon group with 1-20 C atoms where the hydrocarbon group can optionally contain one or more heteroatoms or/and one or more substituents, or the residues R' and R together form a ring system which can contain one or more multiple bonds,

R<sub>13</sub> on each occurrence and independently of one another denotes

hydrogen or a hydrocarbon group with 1-20 C atoms where the

hydrocarbon group can optionally contain one or more heteroatoms or/and one or more substituents, where R<sub>13</sub> in particular represents hydrogen, aryl, carboxyphenyl, alkyl, perfluoroalkyl, cycloalkyl, pyridyl or carboxypyridyl,

X denotes OH, halogen, -O-R<sub>9</sub>, -S-R<sub>10</sub> or  $-NR_{11}R_{12}$  where R<sub>9</sub>, R<sub>10</sub>, R<sub>11</sub> and R<sub>12</sub> each independently of one another denote hydrogen or a C1 to C20 hydrocarbon residue which can optionally contain one or more heteroatoms or one or more substituents, and

Y in formula III denotes O, S or Se and Y in formula VI denotes O, S or  $C(R)_2$ .

with the proviso that the dye is not a compound of the general formula III in which Y = O and X = OH or of the general formula IV in which X = OH.

 (Currently amended) <u>The polycyclic</u> <del>Polycyclic</del> dye as claimed in claim <del>17-or</del> 18, <u>wherein</u>

characterized in that

X denotes halogen and in particular CI.

 (Currently amended) <u>The polycyclic</u> Pelyeyelie dye as claimed in claim 17 er-18. wherein

characterized in that

X represents the residue  $-NR_{11}R_{12}$  where the residues  $R_{11}$  and  $R_{12}$  are defined as in claim 18.

 (Currently amended) <u>The polyacrylic</u> Polycyclic dye as claimed in claim 20, eharacterized in that <u>wherein</u>

R<sub>11</sub> or/and R<sub>12</sub> represents an alkyl or aryl residue substituted with -COOH.

- 22. (Currently amended) In a method for the detection of an analyte in a sample, the improvement which comprises using a labeled receptor for the analyte, wherein the label is a compound Use of a dye as claimed in one of claim 18 the claims 17 to 21 to label an analyte.
- (Currently amended) <u>The method</u> Use as claimed in claim 22, characterized in that <u>wherein</u>
   the analyte is a biomolecule and in particular a peptide or nucleotide.
- (Currently amended) <u>The method</u> Use as claimed in claim 22 er-23, characterized in that <u>wherein</u>
   the labelling occurs by the dye is binding to an NH<sub>2</sub> or SH group of the analyte.
- 25. (Currently amended) The method Use of claim 22 wherein the label is a dye as claimed in claim 19 to label an analyte in which the dye is bound by coupling to an amino group of the analyte.
- 26. (Currently amended) The method Use of claim 22 wherein the label is a dye as claimed in claim 21 to label an analyte where and wherein the dye which is fer example activated as an NHS ester is bound by coupling to an amino group of the analyte.
- (Currently amended) The method Use of claim 22 wherein the label is a
  dye as claimed in ene of the claims 17 to 21 claim 17 or is coupling to
  another dye.
- (Currently amended) <u>The method</u> Use of claim 22 wherein the label is as claimed in claim 27,
   characterized in that wherein

it the <u>label</u> is coupled via an amino group of the other dye to thus form a FRET pair.

 (New) The polycyclic dye as claimed in claim 19, wherein X denotes chlorine.